

ADCL SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION TO ISO/IEC 17025:2017  
& ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and AAPM Criteria

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN ACCREDITED DOIMETRY CALIBRATION LABORATORY  
Room B1002, WIMR  
1111 Highland Avenue  
Madison, WI 53705-2275  
Wesley S. Culberson, Ph.D. Phone: 608 262 5084

Version: 2025-11-18

I. Ionizing Radiation and Dosimetry

Parameter	Range	BMC <sup>1, 2(±)</sup>	Reference Standard or Technique
Ionization Chambers/ Therapy Class –			
<sup>60</sup> Co Air Kerma <sup>60</sup> Co Dose to Water <sup>137</sup> Cs Air Kerma X-rays	Up to 150 cGy/min Up to 150 cGy/min Up to 20 cGy/min (20 to 250) kVp	1.5 % 1.4 % 1.6 % 1.0 %	NIST calibrated reference class ionization chambers.
Ionization Chambers/ Diagnostic Class –			
X-rays: Tungsten Anode Molybdenum Anode	(20 to 250) kVp (23 to 35) kVp	1.9 % 1.9 %	NIST calibrated reference class ionization chambers.
Ionization Chambers/ Health Physics Radiation Protection –			
<sup>60</sup> Co Air Kerma <sup>137</sup> Cs Air Kerma X-rays	Up to 150 cGy/min Up to 20 cGy/min (20 to 250) kVp	1.5 % 1.6 % 1.9 %	NIST calibrated reference class ionization chambers.

Well-Type Brachytherapy Ionization Chambers –  HDR: $^{192}\text{Ir}$  LDR: $^{192}\text{Ir}$ , $^{125}\text{I}$ , $^{103}\text{Pd}$ , $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , $^{131}\text{Cs}$	(1 U = 1 $\mu\text{Gy m}^2/\text{hr}$ )  Up to 50 kU  Up to 500 U	2.8 %  2.7 %	NIST calibrated $^{137}\text{Cs}$ brachytherapy sources; reference class well-type ionization chambers calibrated against NIST calibrated sources for short-lived isotopes such as $^{192}\text{Ir}$ , $^{125}\text{I}$ , $^{131}\text{Cs}$ , and $^{103}\text{Pd}$ .
Radioactive Brachytherapy Sources –  LDR: $^{192}\text{Ir}$ , $^{125}\text{I}$ , $^{103}\text{Pd}$ , $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , $^{131}\text{Cs}$	Up to 500 U	1.9 %	NIST calibrated $^{137}\text{Cs}$ brachytherapy sources, reference class well-type ionization chambers calibrated against NIST calibrated sources for short-lived isotopes such as $^{192}\text{Ir}$ , $^{125}\text{I}$ , $^{131}\text{Cs}$ , and $^{103}\text{Pd}$ .
Well-Type Intra-Vascular Ionization Chambers –  $^{90}\text{Sr}$ Absorbed Dose	Up to 200 mGy/s	15 %	NIST traceable absorbed dose to water source calibrations
Well-Type Ionization Chambers	Up to 5 mGy/s	4.0 %	NIST traceable air kerma rate for electronic brachytherapy sources.
Electrometers –  Charge (Coulomb) Current (Ampere)	25 pC to 10,000 nC 1 pA to 1000 nA	0.21 % 0.21 %	NIST traceable time, voltage, and resistance standards

<sup>1</sup> Best Measurement Capability (BMC) is the smallest uncertainty of measurement that a laboratory can achieve within its scope of accreditation when performing routine calibrations of nearly ideal

measurement standards or nearly ideal measuring equipment. BMCs represent expanded uncertainties expressed at approximately the 95 % level of confidence, usually using a coverage factor of  $k = 2$ . The actual measurement uncertainty of a specific calibration performed by the laboratory may be greater than the BMC due to the behavior of the customer's device and to influences from the circumstances of the specific calibration.

<sup>2</sup> In the statement of BMC, percentages are percentage of reading, unless otherwise indicated.

# AMERICAN ASSOCIATION of PHYSICISTS IN MEDICINE

## *Certificate of Accreditation*

*This is to certify that*

### **University of Wisconsin ADCL**

*has successfully fulfilled all requirements for each specific area of accreditation shown in the  
Scope of Accreditation and is hereby acknowledged to be an*

### **Accredited Dosimetry Calibration Laboratory**

*by agreement of the AAPM Board of Directors  
for the term beginning on the first day of*

January 1, 2026, and ending December 31, 2029



Chair, Calibration Laboratory  
Accreditation Subcommittee



AAPM President



Chair, Calibration Laboratory  
Accreditation Executive Committee



AAPM Executive Director



**American Association  
of Physicists in Medicine**  
Accredited Dosimetry  
Calibration Laboratory®